Name	Test Date <u>Tuesday 10/6/</u>	<u>15</u>	Parent Signature
European Exploration in North America Study Guide			
Directions: This is intended to guide your studying. Students should be able to answer the following questions prior to the test. Students are responsible for understanding all items in Study File Folder. You should also do the activities on Quizlet located on The Dream Team website.			
1. How did geography a	iffect exploration?		
*Explain how mountain	s, deserts, oceans, rivers can be o	bsta	acles or opportunities for explorers.
*Europeans brought di	loration and early settlements h sease, claimed their land, conque enslaved Native Americans		
*Brought new foods, t	echnology, plants, disease, and a	nima	als (horses)
3. Important People in	Exploration that we study:		
for, their goal(s), obstac	les they faced (lack of maps, lack lack of technology, Native Americ	of f	
*Which explorer v water route to A	, , ,	and	Queen Isabella of Spain to find a
*Which Spanish e	xplorer tried to find the Fountain	of Y	outh?
	xplorer was the first to cross the	lsth	mus of Panama and see the Pacific
*Which French explorer found the St. Lawrence River while trying to find the NW Passage?			
	crew wanted to give up finding t t him out to sea?		NW passage to the Indies, so they
*Which explorer v	vas born in Italy, but sailed for En	glan	nd to find the NW Passage?

4. Important Vocabulary Terms:

Northwest Passage- Waterway in North America thought to connect the Atlantic & Pacific Oceans to reach Asia (the Indies) (Europeans thought this would be a safer, faster way to travel.)

Silk Road- The main trade route by land to Asia (the Indies)

Columbian Exchange- Widespread exchange of animals, plants, culture, human populations (including slaves), disease, technology and ideas between the Native Americans and Europe following Christopher Columbus's voyage in 1492

Exploration- Traveling in or through an unfamiliar area in order to investigate it (learn)

Latitude- The distance in degrees north or south of the equator (Ladder-tude)



Longitude- The distance in degrees east or west of the Prime Meridian



Obstacle- Anything that interferes with reaching a goal

Opportunity Cost- The thing you give up to obtain a goal is an opportunity cost (Explorers gave up time with family, etc for riches & fame) You will give up your tickets in exchange for an ice cream sundae. The opportunity cost is your tickets.

Technology- Scientific knowledge and tools used to achieve a goal or solve a problem (Some technology at that time: maps, compasses, printing press, astrolabe)

PRACTICE WITH QUIZLET

Don't forget to have your parent sign this study guide.